Cs₂AlCuCl₆: A NEW CLASS OF LEAD-FREE DOUBLE PEROVSKITES WITH PROMISING STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRONIC AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES

Amel MERRAD

Laboratory for Theoretical Physics and Material Physics, Department of Physics, Faculty of Exact Sciences and Informatics, Hassiba Benbouali University of Chlef
P.O. Box 78, 02000, Ouled Fares, Algeria
Orcid number: 0009-0004-1264-5348
a.merrad@univ-chlef.dz

Halima BOUCHENAFA

Laboratory for Theoretical Physics and Material Physics, Department of Physics, Faculty of Exact Sciences and Informatics, Hassiba Benbouali University of Chlef
P.O. Box 78, 02000, Ouled Fares, Algeria
Orcid number: 0000-0002-7674-9865
bouchenafa_halima@yahoo.fr

Boucif **BENICHOU**

Department of Electronics, Faculty of Technology, Hassiba Benbouali University of Chlef P.O. Box 78, 02000, Ouled Fares, Algeria
Orcid number: 0000-0002-2049-3813
boucif_benichou@yahoo.fr

Youssef SEKSAK

Physics Department, Physico-Chemistry of Materials and Environment, Ziane Achour University of Djelfa Djelfa, BP 3117, Algeria

Samia RADJEL

Signals Systems Artificial Intelligence Laboratory (2SAIL), Faculty of Technology, Hassiba Benbouali University of Chlef ${\it Chlef}$ Chlef, 02000, Algeria

Abstract

This work presents a comprehensive first-principles study of the structural, mechanical, electronic and optical properties of the novel lead-free double perovskite semi-conductor $Cs_2AlCuCl_6$. The full-potential linearised augmented plane wave (FP-LAPW) method was employed within the framework of density functional theory

(DFT). We analysed the energetic stability, Goldschmidt tolerance factor (τ) and mechanical properties of this compound. Our findings confirm that $Cs_2AlCuCl_6$ has a perfectly cubic structure within the Fm-3m space group. Furthermore, the mechanical analysis revealed that this material is highly elastic and strong, with high bulk and Young's moduli, highlighting its mechanical robustness. Electronic structure calculations demonstrate that $Cs_2AlCuCl_6$ has direct band gaps of 0.63 eV (GGA) and 1.81 eV (mBJ). Additionally, this compound exhibits significant optical absorption in the visible spectrum, suggesting its potential application in energy conversion technologies. To our knowledge, this is the first study to provide a predictive analysis of $Cs_2AlCuCl_6$, as no previous theoretical or experimental data is available for comparison.